(XXIXth YEAR.) THE (No. 1489.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1774.

LARNERA, September 24.

THEY write from Baruth, that Cleazar Achmet Bay, commandant of that place, having had a conference with count Voinowich, the commander of the Russo-Greek fleet, he perswaded the people that the count had orders to take the town, and put all the inhabitants to the sword, without distinction either to age or sex: but that if they would give him 1000 purses he would retire without committing any hostilities; and that the inhabitants immediately set about raising what money they could, which amounted to 800 purses, which the commandant, instead of giving to the Russian officer, divided among the soldiers, on condition of their swearing they would perish rather than surrender. This generosity has re-animated the courage of the soldiers, and made the Russians and Chiek Daher lose all hopes of taking the town.

Constantinople, Oct. 24. The ill success of the enterprize of our fleet in the Crimea, is confirmed. The advices daily received here from our army are of such a nature, as to inspire nothing but grief and fear. General Ungern has dispersed, without much trouble, a body of 25,000 of our troops, the Heraskier Achmet Benedid having made but a very short stand. That body retired to Silistria, which the Russians, it is feared, have begun to besiege.

Nov. 13. By authentic letters from the army of field marshal count de Romanzow, we have received the following intelligence;

"The 28th of October, general Ungern marched at the head of his corps to attack 20,000 Turks in their camp. The latter having received information of it, fled with so much precipitation, that they abandoned their tents and baggage. They were pursued by general Ungern's light horse, who killed 500 of them and made 600 janissaries prisoners, who had retired to a village, and took five pieces of cannon. Among these prisoners is Omar, bashaw of three tails, and Chaou bashaw. After this advantage, general Ungern joined prince Dolgorucki; and 'tis thought these two generals are on their march to give battle to the grand vizir.

"General Kaminskoy has passed the Danube, in order to take Rustig. The bombardment of Silistria was to begin the 30th or 31st of last month.

"The Turks have been also repulsed on the side of Krajowa, and Orosowa.

"General Glebow, who was encamped near Islonitza, has advanced as far as the environs of Gura Balla. The Russians have taken six more pieces of cannon, which the Turks abandoned in their flight."

These letters add, that the field marshal count de Romanzow, was still on the left side of the Danube, with a small body of troops.

Leghorn, Nov. 20. Letters from Sicily give reason to fear, that more insurrections will take place at Palermo.

They write from Ancona, that in the beginning of October last, a little fleet, consisting of some Venetian galliots, arrived at the Isle of Zante; the commander, after lying a few days in their harbour, gave an invitation to the first families of the island to come to a ball on board of his ship, and when some persons of distinction, at whom he aimed, came on board, the commander immediately gave orders to sail, laid them in irons, and then carried them to Venice. We expect to learn the whole of this affair very soon.

Vienna, Dec. 1. We have just received intelligence, that the Russians have taken Bazarzick, without firing a shot, where they found 12 pieces of cannon, one mortar, and a great treasure, which the Turks had hid under ground; they have besides taken a large stud of horses, and made 200 Turks prisoners.

Madrid, Dec. 13. A few days ago we received the melancholy account of the destruction of the town of Guatimala by an earthquake. The earthquakes have generally been felt there every spring and autumn, but the first shocks of this did not come on till June, the frequent repetitions of which alarmed the inhabitants so, that they removed themselves and their effects in time; the public edifices, churches, convents, &c. could not withstand the violence of these repeated shocks; however, there have not been many lives lost, though the damage is otherwise very considerable.

From the lower Rhine, Dec. 14. We have received letters which confirm that the Russians took the town of Silistria by storm the 29th of October, O. S. and that the whole Turkish army was defeated.

Warsaw, Dec. 15. The grand visir's defeat is confirmed on all sides; and as he has not yet been found among those who had escaped, it is imagined he was killed on the spot.

Fourth Mobile, Dec. 19. We expected yesterday to have received a detail of the victory gained by the Russians over the grand visir, who is retired to Adrianople; It is said that the military chest, containing 1,500,000 piastres, all their baggage, and 150 pieces of cannon, have fallen into the hands of the Russians. Since this victory the Russians have fortified themselves twenty miles on the other side the Danube.

Amsterdam, Dec. 28. By advices from Constantinople we learn, that the grand visir, without waiting for any reinforcements, put his army in motion the 6th of last month, and marched with Mahomet's standard for Bazardjik, to endeavour to relieve the army from that place; [illegible] the Russians on the frontiers of the Ukraine, as the fate of Bulgaria depends on the success of that enterprize.

Paris, Dec. 31. They write from Grenoble, that some persons who lately went a hunting discovered near the summit of the Alps, in the parish of Hues, some ruins of an ancient city surrounded with walls, within which are still to be distinguished the remains of 150 houses, a tower or fort about 100 toises in circumference, a ditch cut out of the rock of a great depth, and the ruins of a building superior to the rest, which is thought to have been a citadel. The origin and name of this antient habitation are at present unknown.

NEW-YORK, *March 14.*

On the 3d. instant died at Boston, in his 68th year, the hon. lieutenant governor Oliver.

Orders are received from the earl of Dartmouth to prevent the passing any more bills for the naturalization of foreigners in the colonies.

Brig Tryon, Abraham Saunders, of and from New-York, with near half her cargo still on board, drove ashore among some rocks to the eastward of the town, and was dashed to pieces immediately; all he had on board lost; the capt. and five men perished, one man (the mate) and a boy were saved.

Ship Hankey, William Macintosh, of and from London, with a valuable cargo, and £10,000 in cash on board, drove ashore on the beach and was soon beat to pieces; out of 17 people who were on board only one man was saved; greatest part of her cargo was lost, and no appearance of the money. The captain and two passengers were ashore when the ship was lost.

Sloop Garland, Adam Engler, belonging to New-York, but last from Newfoundland, with half of her cargo of fish on board, drove ashore, the captain and every soul on board, eight in all, perished; though the vessel still holds together, and, even during the storm lay on one side almost dry; the cabbin and quarter deck were washed away, the first has since been thrown into the sea.

Capt. West, of the schooner Hawke, belonging to Salem, and bound to Baltimore, on the 17th instant, landed at Cape Henry, the crew of the brig Fanny, capt. Mosely, bound to Lisbon, which he took off said vessel on the 7th, at the hazard of the lives of his own people, as the boat he dispatched for them was 3 hours in a high sea.

PHILADELPHIA, *March 14.*

Capt. Osborne from Vigo, on the 7th ult. in lat. 36, long. 23, spoke capt. Sutter, in a ship from Belfast for Baltimore, out 20 days; on the 18th, in lat. 29. 57, long. 47, spoke capt. Bell, in the ship Morris, from the Streights for Virginia, out 18 days; and on the 2d inst. in lat. 37: 20, long. 68, spoke a ship from Georgia, out 3 days, but could not learn the master's name, or where bound.

Extract of a letter from London, December 20, 1773.

"Your observations respecting the tea duty are very just, and the Americans must be commended by all consistent advocates for liberty and a limited monarchy, for the sagacity with which they discern and the spirit with which they assert their rights."

The public are cautioned to beware of counterfeit Maryland dollar bills, some of which are now passing here, dated March 1st, 1773. They are badly cut on copper-plate, and printed on a paper which is much smoother and thinner than that used for the genuine bills.

ANNAPOLIS, MARCH 24.

By capt. Coward, arrived at Choptank in a short passage from London, we have received prints to the 13th of January, from which we have extracted the following articles:

LONDON, *January 13.*

His MAJESTY's most gracious speech to both houses of Parliament.

My lords, and gentlemen,

THE unusual length of the last session of parliament made me desirous of giving you as long a recess as the public service would admit. I have, therefore, been glad to find myself under no necessity of calling you from your respective counties at an earlier season; and I doubt not but you are now met together, in the best disposition, for applying yourselves to the dispatch of the public business.

You will, I am persuaded, agree with me in regretting, that the peace, so long expected, and so very desirable, is not yet effected between Russia and the Porte; but it is with real satisfaction I can repeat, that other foreign powers continue still to have the same pacific dispositions with myself. I can have no other wish than to see the general tranquillity restored; for the establishment and subsequent preservation of which, no endeavours of mine, consistent with the honour of my crown, and the interests of my people, shall ever be wanting.

In this state of foreign affairs, you will have full leisure to attend to the improvement of our internal and domestic situation, and to the prosecution of measures more immediately respecting the preservation and advancement of the revenue and commerce of the kingdom. Among the objects which, in this view, will come under your consideration, none can better deserve your attention than the state of the gold coin; which I must recommend to you in a more particular manner, as well on account of its very high importance, as of the peculiar advantages which the present time affords, for executing with success such measures as you may find it expedient to adopt, with respect to this great national concern.

The degree of diminution which that coin had actually suffered, and the very rapid progress which the mischief was daily making, were truly alarming. It is with much satisfaction that I have seen the evil, in a great measure, checked by the regulations made in the last session of parliament. I trust, however, that you will not stop here, nor think that you have discharged your duty, either to your country, or your fellow subjects, without using your best endeavours for putting the gold coin upon such a footing, as may not only completely remove the present grievance, but render the credit and commerce of the kingdom sufficiently secure from being again exposed to the like danger.

Gentlemen of the house of commons,

I have ordered the proper estimates for the current year to be laid before you; and rely on your readiness to grant me such supplies as shall be found requisite in the present situation of affairs.

My lords, and gentlemen,

The experience I have had of your past conduct leaves me no room to doubt, either of your zeal or prudence, in your endeavours to promote the welfare of your country. You will not suffer any parts of the public service to escape your attention; but, various and extensive as those are, you will be careful to select, for your immediate deliberation, such of them as shall appear to be most important: and you can propose no measures, that will serve either to secure or advance the happiness and prosperity of my people, in which you may not always depend on my most hearty concurrence.

Extracts from the votes of the house of commons, Jan. 13.

Resolved,

That an humble address be presented to his majesty, to return his majesty the thanks of this house, for his most gracious speech from the throne.

To assure his majesty, that we sincerely regret that the peace so long expected, and so much desired, is not yet effected between Russia and the Porte; but, at the same time, to express the satisfaction we feel, in learning that other foreign powers continue still to have the same pacific dispositions with his majesty.

That we receive, with the utmost gratitude, the assurance which his majesty has been pleased to repeat to us, that he has no other wish than to see the general tranquillity restored and preserved, consistently with the honour of his crown, and the interests of his people; and that we consider this gracious declaration of his majesty as a fresh instance of his majesty's paternal care for the welfare of his subjects, and of his generous concern for the happiness of mankind.

To declare, that we are truly sensible, that it is our duty, as it shall be our care, to employ the leisure which this state of foreign affairs allows us, in attending to our internal and domestic situation; and that we cannot but acknowledge his majesty's great wisdom, in recommending and pointing out to our serious consideration the state of the gold coin of this kingdom, as well on account of its very extensive importance, as of the peculiar advantages which the present time affords for conducting and executing with success any measures touching this great national object.

That we saw, with the deepest concern, the difficulties and distress in which the nation was on the point of being involved, by the very alarming degree of diminution which this coin had actually suffered, before the evil was checked by the regulations made in the last session of parliament; and that, impressed with a just sense of our duty to our country and our fellow subjects, we will exert our best endeavours to accomplish the great work of putting the gold coin upon such a footing, as may not only completely remove the present grievance, but, as far as the nature of the case will admit, render the credit and commerce of the kingdom secure from being again exposed to the like danger.

To assure his majesty, that his faithful commons will cheerfully grant to his majesty such supplies as shall be found necessary, in the present situation of affairs; and that, animated by his majesty's recommendation, and excited by his example, we will apply ourselves with the utmost zeal and diligence to promote the welfare of our country; and that we will not fail to direct our attention to such parts of the public service as appear to us most important, having a perfect confidence, that whatever measures we may propose, that will serve either to secure or advance the happiness and prosperity of his people, will always meet with his majesty's gracious approbation and concurrence.

Ordered,

That a committee be appointed, to draw up an address to be presented to his majesty, upon the said resolution.

And a committee was appointed accordingly; and they are to withdraw immediately into the speaker's chamber.

Ordered,

That his majesty's most gracious speech to both houses of parliament be referred to the said committee.

A treaty of commerce is now, it is faid, on the tapis, between the courts of London and Berlin. One of the prime objects of this treaty is relative to the eftablifhment of two companies at Koningfburgh and Stetin, for the fale of falt and tobacco.

A council is fummoned to meet at St. James's to-morrow, relative to American affairs.

wo motions of a diftinct kind, but of very fingular importance, are expected to be made on Thurfday next in the upper aflembly.

By a letter from Dublin we hear, that on Sunday, the 2d inftant, Sir Edward Newenham, knt. and alderman Geale, the unfuccefsful candidate at the late election there, met at an appointed place in confequence of a challenge fent by the former to adjuft fome punctilios that happened at the faid election, but after Sir Edward had fnapped his piftol twice at the alderman, which providentially miffed fire, by the interpofition of the feconds, the affair was amicably adjufted.

Jan. 15. Yefterday lord Guernfey reported from the committee appointed by the houfe of commons to draw up an addrefs in anfwer to his majefty's moft gracious fpeech from the throne, a draught of the faid intended anfwer, which being read and agreed to, it was refolved that fuch members as are of his majefty's privy council do wait on him, in order to know his pleafure when the houfe fhall wait on his majefty with the faid addrefs.

This day the houfe of commons will meet in order to have his majefty's anfwer to the above meffage.

Yefterday at noon the lord chancellor, attended by feveral of the lords, went to St. James's, and prefented the humble addrefs of the lords fpiritual and temporal; when his majefty returned a moft gracious anfwer.

A cabinet council will be held on Wednefday next at St. James's, on affairs of great importance.

By the laft accounts from Tranfylvania it is believed, that general Romanzow will be obliged to quit his prefent fituation, and take up his winter quarters at the other fide of the Danube.

Tranflation of a private letter, dated Venice, Dec. 23.

"The feveral nobles of our fenate, partizans of the French intereft, that have lately caufed fuch confufion in our councils, are banifhed for life to Corfu, excepting three noble perfonages now confined in the dungeons of St. Mark, whofe fate as yet remains undetermined by the fupreme council. The charge being now fully proved, they were bribed by the emiffaries of France. Our political agitation is now calmed, and the republic unanimoufly rejoice in our having acceded to the grand alliance, by which we regain the Morea, and our ancient territories in the Adriatic. Our fleet to join the Ruffians conffts of thefe fhips:—San Marco 90 guns; S. Georgio, S. Antonio, Santa Croce, S. Giovanne, S. Pietro, La Magdalena, S. Francefco, La S. Maria, S. Eufernia, S. Terefa, La Vittoria, S. Agnefe, S. Prevafo, S. Barnabo, S. Margarita, S. Rocco, S. Stefano, S. Paulo, and S. Philippo de Neri, 74 guns each; befides tranfports, frigates, and fix bomb veffels. The Ruffians have, during thefe laft three months, landed at Corfu eleven thoufand failors, partly Ruffians, Dutch, Danes, Swedes, and Irifh, with fome Portuguefe. Thefe, with a corps of five thoufand marine troops, Greeks and Albanians, will, with our own failors, compleat the armament."

Jan. 17. The humble addrefs of the houfe of commons was prefented to his majefty on Saturday laft; to which his majefty was pleafed to return a very gracious anfwer.

We hear that the miniftry have, at length, found out their miftake, in making a law, which left fo much power in the hands of the India proprietors. So determined are thofe orators on the annihilation of the company, that the length of rope left them by the act, ferves them only for hanging themfelves.—Mad men muft have all the means of death taken out of their hands.

There is no probability of a peace between the Ruffians and the Turks. The firft are determined to have fomething; and the latter from an eftablifhed maxim of their empire, are refolved to give nothing. Neither Varna is blockaded nor Siliftria taken; and fome perfons affirm, that Romanzoff muft re-pafs the Danube.

The intention of the Ruffians after the taking of Varna was to order their fleet to pafs the Dardanells, while their army advanced by land; the poffeffion of Varna would have given them an opportunity for tranfporting their artillery and baggage by fea. The defeat of their fmall fquadron in the Black Sea has, for the preffent, broke their meafures.

There is no truth in a certain ambaffador's imprifonment; but there is a certainty, that he fhall never return to this place in a public capacity.

There is now a moral certainty that Eaft-India affairs will again come into parliament. The miniftry have the majority in the India houfe. But they are like fheep without a fhepherd, having no orator of diftinguifhed abilities to lay the matter in an intelligible manner before them. Neither Moor nor Holdforth will do. The firft is mere noife; the latter all dullnefs. The difcordant rhetoric of the patriotic duke will always get the better of the mean, accommodating conceffions of retainers of neither knowledge nor prudence.

The demand for an addition to the civil lift is put off till a houfehold is to be eftablifhed for the prince of Wales; an event not a twelvemonth diftant.

Some politicians form prognoftics of the permanency of the premier's adminiftration from his having placed his father in the clofet of a great lady; while others blame him for converting a parent into a kind of domeftic fteward in his old age.

Great changes in the law were expected. Lord Mansfield, by Sir Fletcher Norton's difinterefted nefs, was follicited to be chancellor, that the knight might ftep into the king's bench. The ftorm, which threatened the prefent chancellor, is blown over for the prefent.

Lord Chatham is not to be in town this feafon. The Rockingham party have loft all hopes. Temple himfelf has now defpaired of being fent for. Burke thinks he belched his oratory for nothing. Clive repofes himfelf, like a fhaman efcaped from a ftorm, on a plank.

Silence will prevail in St. Stephen's. Even Parliament-ftreet will not have its pavement torn as ufual with jehu-like orators driving to the houfe. All is tranquillity and ftilnefs. But this quiet ferenity, fays our correfpondent, may be the prelude to a ftorm.

Extract of a letter from Warfaw, Jan. 1.

"The miniflers of the three powers have juft made a propofal to the delegation from their refpective courts, which it is much wifhed may be accepted, as it may be inftrumental in finally fettling the diftreffed affairs of this kingdom. The courts of Vienna, Peterfburgh, and Berlin, have offered each to maintain in this city four miniflers at their own expence, who, in conjunction with his Polifh majefty, and the delegates from the grand dyet, are to regulate the finances, commerce, and all the unfettled matters."

The accounts of the late fire in the Tower have been variouffy repreffented, the following particulars have been collected, and are more exact than any yet publifhed:

On Saturday, the day before the fire broke out, fome perfons were alarmed with an unufual fmell of fomething burning, and about eleven o'clock that night fought from whence it came in vain. About the fame time, a warder and his wife paffed by the houfe where it began; fhe faid there was a fmell of fire; no, no, he replied, you have always a fire in your nofe I think, and paffed on.

The next morning, Mr. Woodard (at whofe houfe it broke out) heard the clock ftrike fix whilft in bed, and immediately thereupon heard a cracking, and awaked Mrs. Woodward with his fufpicions of fire, and they both inftantly got up and came down ftairs, finding his fufpicions too true; he opened the door of the parlour (under which it is fuppofed the fire began) and the heat and flames were fo intenfe, as almoft to ftrike him down; he got to the door again and haftily called to the reft of the family, apprifing them of their great danger, and urging them to flight: they all came down and reached the front or outer door, but unfortunately Miff Woodward and Miff Jennings both went up ftairs for fome things they particularly valued, and in the mean time the fire became fo violent below, as deterred all from entering, or any efcaping from the houfe. They flew to the leads at the top of the houfe for refuge, and were inftantly followed by the flames, which made their fituation fo hot and frightful, as not long to be endured. Their cries and contortions filled the heart of every beholder with the deepeft concern.

Miff Woodward firft took the refolution to throw herfelf from the dreadful height, and was taken up in a manner dead, carried to a houfe, (Mr. Vidgen's) hard by, and from thence prefently removed to another (Mrs. Johnfon's, adjoining to Sir Charles Frederick's) where fhe foon expired in great agonies. Miff Jennings remained until her flefh was burnt in many parts, and was then catched upon a barrack bed. One of her arms was however terribly burnt and bruifed. She is attended by Dr. Brown, who fet her arm, and there are hopes of her recovery.

From the houfe where the fire began, it prefently communicated to queen Elizabeth's Tower (fo called from that princefs's having been imprifoned there) and the houfe of Mr. Sharp, from thefe different ways to major Collins's, Mr. Wittwers and Mr. Durnford's, and flightly touching the ordnance office, was moft miraculoufly and to the aftonifhment of all beholders, extinguifhed.

Mr. Burke being aflked on Friday his opinion of a certain fpeech, replied, "it is a golden one."

On Sunday the patience of the fpeaker of the houfe of commons was entirely fpent before a fufficient number of members could be procured to conftitute a houfe; the meffengers were fent to the treafury, admiralty, and the coffee-houfes near the palace for that purpofe, and it was full half after two before the fpeaker took the chair; as foon as they returned from St. James's his majefty's anfwer to the addrefs was reported, and the houfe, without doing any other bufinefs, adjourned to this day.

The firft bufinefs of any confequence intended to be taken up in the upper aflembly is, we hear, the petition of the diffenters.

The intended act for the regulation of the coin means to fix the following weights and allowances for reafonable wear: five penny weights three grains, for all guineas coined before the reign of the late king; five penny weights fix grains, from that period to the fixth of his prefent majefty; and from the latter to the prefent time, the full ftandard.

The lofs on the whole arifing from the above regulation, it is computed, will not amount to more than 40,000l. whereas the lofs to the holders of money, according to the act of laft feffion, amounted to 300,000l. or near 12 per cent. on 2,500,000l. light money paid into the bank, &c.

Very flattering offers have been lately made to a certain duke in the neighbourhood of Privy Garden, but, it is faid, he has totally declined them.

The count de Noailles is the perfon generally thought on as fucceffor to the count de Guignes as ambaffador to this court; two others are, however, fpoke of on this occafion.

Lord Apfley has, with the affiftance of Mr. Prefcot, formed a new fet of laws for the preventing of fraudulent bankruptcies, which Mr. Prefcot will lay before the houfe fome time this week.

We hear that Sir Watkin Lewes intends preferring his petition, in behalf of himfelf and the independent freemen of the city of Worcefter, on Wednefday next; which petition, it is expected, will difclofe fome very notorious inftances of bribery and corruption.

Dr. F———— was on Thurfday laft examined before the privy-council, touching the unfortunate letters that have given rife to a late duel, by which that myfterious bufinefs is likely foon to be cleared up.

Extract of a letter from Gofport, Jan. 13.

"Wednefday two expreffes arrived here; one to the commiffioner, giving him orders to fupply the Ruffian fleet with every kind of ftores and provifions that may be neceffary; the other was to the Ruffian ambaffador, who is at the George inn here.

"The fhips in the harbour are fitting for a paffage.

"A private expreis arrived at the commiffioners office laft night, which is thought to be an order for fitting 15 fail of the line ready for commiffion, in cafe they fhould fhortly be called for.

"Yefterday all the Ruffian tranfports failed with a fair wind for Pharos.

"We hear the Ruffian men of war will be ready for fea in about a week's time, as their bottoms are very good, and they want only their decks and upper works to be caulked. Thofe fhips are to be fupplied with the new conftructed pumps and patent blocks."

Extract of an authentic letter from a general officer at Loogeoff in Silefia, December 29.

"The Ruffians have taken Siliftria by ftorm; the acquifition coft them dear, but the maffacre of the Turks has been dreadful. Warna has capitulated; and the marfhal Romanzoff means to fix his winter quarters at Schemna, on the other fide of the Danube. You may depend upon the authenticity of this news, and will conclude with me, that *concuffation of* of the Turkifh empire."

A letter from Warfaw fays, it was reported there, that the Ruffians at the fiege of Silifiria had the good fortune to blow up the gunpowder magazine of the fortrefs; and in the mean time that the garrifon and the inhabitants, in the utmoft confufion, were very bufy in extinguifhing the violent fire which was occafioned by it; the Ruffians, at the fame time, took advantage of the opportunity, and took the fortrefs by ftorm.

The rebellion of the combined Coffacks and Tartars in Mofcovia, of which fome of the foreign gazettes give a deficient account (afferting that it was immediately appeafed) we are informed is of great confequence. According to our advices this infurrection was caufed by the vigorous preffing of men at Cafan and its environs; and that the number of the combined rebels conffts of above 12,000 men, General Brand, the commander of that place, joined by captain Orenberg, who had his regiment cantoned in that neighbourhood, went with their troops againft the rebels, in order to bring them under fubjection; but not expecting the rebels to be fo numerous, their troops were defeated, and both the celebrated officers were killed in the engagement; which fuccefs raifed the fpirit of the rebels fo, that a vaft number more have joined them, and they are actually marching towards the city of Mofcovia; they rob and plunder all the villages where they pafs, and behave to the inhabitants in a moft cruel manner, which event greatly alarms the court of Peterfburgh; fo that all the troops in the neighbourhood of that refidence are ordered to enter into the city; even the regiment of Peterfburgh, commanded by captain Szeplow, and the regiments of the Hungarian huffars of captain Drewitz, who were at Warfaw, have of late received orders to return, and march to Peterfburgh as fpeedily as poffible.

Yefterday the fpeaker of the houfe of commons was almoft at as great a lofs for a fufficient number of members to make a houfe as on Saturday. He was enabled, however, to take the chair a little before three; when, after very little bufinefs being done, the houfe adjourned till to-morrow.

Yefterday feveral petitions were prefented to the houfe of commons, particularly from the merchants, traders, &c. of the counties of York, Lincoln, Nottingham, and Derby, relative to the navigation of the rivers Air and Calder.

The Salifbury journal confirms the account, that on Sunday the 9th, between three and four in the morning, a fudden fire broke out at the feat of the hon. Mr. Fox, at Winterflow, which in a few hours burnt the fame to the ground, except the kitchen, which being a detached building, efcaped the flames. Moft of the plate, pictures, and valuable furniture, were faved.

The fpeaker having reported to the houfe his majefty's anfwer to their addrefs of Saturday, the houfe then refolved itfelf into a committee to conffider of the motion made laft Saturday, and came to a refolution that a fupply be granted to his majefty; which refolution is to be reported to-morrow.

ANNAPOLIS, March 24.

The General Aflembly of this province was to have met here on Monday laft, but the bad weather having prevented the attendance of a fufficient number of members to compofe a lower houfe until yefterday, his Excellency was then pleafed to open the feffion with the following SPEECH.

Gentlemen of the Upper and Lower Houfes of Aflembly,

I HAVE nothing at this time particularly to propofe to your conffideration, which would not be a repetition of what I recommended at the opening of laft feffion; but, having obtained permiffion to return to England for a fhort time on account of fome affairs which require my perfonal attendance there, I prefumed it would be agreeable to you to convene before my departure, and therefore now meet you, and fhall with the greateft pleafure be ready to co-operate with you in eftablifhing fuch regulations as may be conducive to the welfare of this province.

CUSTOM-HOUSE.

ENTERED.

Ship Lord Dunluce, Robert Shutter, from Larne,
Ship Polly, James Mc'Arthur, from Cork.
Brig Kitty, Richard Robinfon, from London.
Snow Peggy, Alexander Ferguffon, from London.

CLEARED.

Snow Farmer, Zedekiah Wadley, for London.
Schooner Betty, Silas Nodell, for Cadiz.
Schooner Hawke, Benjamin Weft, for Salem.
Schooner Lemuel, James Armour, for Virginia.
Schooner Julia, John Meades, for Boffon.

ERRATUM in the former part of Dr. Howard's fecond letter to Dr. Whitefurhall.

For, *the blind returning by the water never into the right quarters to paft into the ftarrick, read, by the water never into the right quarters into the quarrick.*

TO be ſold by John King, at his ſta... (Warren's) a black horſe, 5 years old this ſpring, remarkably ſtrong, and well made, very fit for city uſe, for the waggon, or to breed from in the country; to prevent trouble, the loweſt price is £30. The horſe will be led out every day and ſhewn betwixt the hours of 12 and 1 in the ſtreet, by the coffee-houſe door.

To be ſold cheap, a neat poſt coach, box to take off, with harneſs for four horſes, to drive either with a coachman or poſtilions: there is belonging to the coach, a pair of ſhafts, with poſtilion ſaddles, and long traces. The wheels are as good as new, and the carriage in good order, having had a thorough repair laſt year.

To be ſold alſo, a very uſeful convenient poſt chaiſe, may be uſed with or without a box, is remarkably eaſy, and being hung in the French way, on branchards, is in no danger of being overſet by turning ſhort in the narroweſt ſtreets.

To be ſold alſo, a genteel phaeton, with a crane neck, and harneſs for a pair of horſes.

For particulars, enquire of John King, at his ſtables, late Warren's.

Baltimore-Town, March 22, 1774.

TO be ſold, and entered upon in a month if required, a lot of ground, ſituate in Frederick-ſtreet, near Meyer's tan-yard, and between the two lower bridges on Jones's falls; there are 230 feet on the front, 180 feet deep, and 225 feet on the lower front. It is on leaſe for 99 years, renewable for ever, and ſubject to a ground rent of only 40l. ſterling per annum. About 16 years of the leaſe are expired; on the front of the lot on Frederick-ſtreet, is a large brick dwelling houſe, wherein the ſubſcriber now lives, 50 feet front, 23 feet deep, two ſtory high, having two parlours, a paſſage, and ſtair-caſe below; four good chambers, three whereof have fire places, and above, two good garrets well finiſhed. There are alſo adjoining to the ſaid dwelling, a good brick kitchen and landry, with proper chambers for ſervants; alſo a brick warehouſe, 32 feet by 25, two ſtory and cellar, nearly one half of the front of the lot is yet unimproved, there being only an old log building that ſerved as a jail, and which may be removed at pleaſure. There is an exceeding good garden well incloſed: this lot would ſuit a diſtiller, brewer, or ſugar-baker; as there is room ſufficient for building, and a lane may be opened through the lot from one ſtreet to another; what buildings are on this lot are faithfully executed, the brick walls ſome are 18 inches thick, and none leſs than 14 inches, even to the ridge pole; the purchaſer need lay down but little caſh, if any, good ſecurity with intereſt will ſuffice, and one fourth of the money will be only at four per cent. per annum intereſt: as I am determined at all events, to leave this province, and deſirous of ſettling all my affairs, any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, will find me very reaſonable in my demand for this lot.

DANIEL CHAMIER.

March 22, 1774.

WAS taken up at Greenburry's point the 18th inſtant, a moſes built boat, about 14 feet keil, with a new ſtem; ſhe had two aſh oars on board, the owner may have her, by proving his property, and paying the charges of this advertiſement.

DAVID KERR.

March 19, 1774.

THE ſubſcriber living in Nottingham, has got a very good ferry boat, and intends to keep ferry; all ladies and gentlemen that will pleaſure him with their cuſtom, may depend on good and ready attendance, likewiſe good entertainment in the private way.

JOHN DORSETT.

March 18, 1774.

FIFTY POUNDS REWARD.

WHEREAS two large ſtones with inſcriptions cut on them in capital letters, were plated laſt fall by virtue of a commiſſion, to perpetuate the bounds of a tract of land called Chance, contiguous to the ſubſcriber's dwelling beyond Elk-Ridge, which ſtones have been lately taken up and broke to pieces, and whereas he has not yet been able to fix the fact by poſitive proof, he hereby promiſes to pay fifty pounds to any perſon or perſons, who ſhall diſcover the perpetrator or perpetrators of that villainy, ſo that he, or they be convicted thereof, by a due courſe of law.

CHARLES CARROLL.

March 16, 1774

THE ſubſcriber having furniſhed himſelf with hair, and every other material neceſſary for carrying on the peruke making buſineſs; would be glad to ſerve any lady or gentleman with hair rolls of all kinds and colours, and wigs of all ſorts, after the neateſt and neweſt faſhions, and ſhall make it his conſtant endeavour, to merit the approbation of thoſe ladies and gentlemen who will be kind enough to employ him; orders from the country will be punctually executed, on ſending the caſh, and directing to me at Mr. James Reed's, peruke maker at Annapolis.

JOHN JUTICE HIEBERT.

ON Friday the 22d day of April, at the new church near Pohick, in Truro parish, Fairfax county, Virginia, will be let by the veſtry of the ſaid parish, to the loweſt bidder, the building of a brick veſtry-houſe, twenty-four feet long, and eighteen feet wide, and the incloſing of the ſaid church-yard, one hundred and fifty-eight feet ſquare, with poſts and rails; the poſts to be of ſtaved cedar, and the rails yellow pine, clear of ſap, with three handſome paliſade gates; the whole to be done in the neateſt and moſt ſubſtantial manner.

G. MASON,
THOMAZIN ELLZEY, } church-wardens.

BORROWED or LOST, the two following books, viz. Clare on fluids, with the words Jaſper Hemmingway written in it; and the ſecond volume of Burn's Juſtice, 7th edition. Any perſon having them in poſſeſſion is deſired to bring them to the printer.

March 22, 1774.

JUST imported in the Calvert, capt. Sewall, and to be ſold by the ſubſcribers, wholeſale or retail, at Nottingham and Magruder's warehouſe, for caſh, bills of exchange, or tobacco.

Aſſortment of goods ſuitable for the ſeaſon, having goods on hand to a conſiderable amount, ſome by capt. Greig laſt December, and by capt. Lane laſt month; we can furniſh well aſſorted cargoes. Madeira wine at Nottingham to be ſold by the pipe, hogſhead, or quarter caſk.

CONTER and BOWIE.
CONTER and MAGRUDER.

Kent Iſland, March 16, 1774.

TAKEN up between three and four months ago a punt, petti-auger built, quite new, with a hole bored in her head, but no painter, ſhe had ſome oak ſtaves in the bottom, oak gunnelled; about 10 or 11 feet in length. Likewiſe taken up about two months ago, a punt about 10 feet in length, one ſeat in the middle, and one in the ſtern; a ſmall piece of the ſtern broke off, an auger hole in her head, but had no painter: whoever owns the ſaid punts, or either of them, may have them again, on proving property, and paying charges, by applying to

JOHN SENNERS, at Broad Creek.

N. B. The one was taken up in Broad Creek, the other was taken up off Kent Point.

TO be run for at Baltimore town, on the 19th day of May next, a purſe of fifty pounds, the three mile heats, free for any horſe, mare, or gelding, carrying weight for age and blood, according to the rules of racing; and on the day following, a purſe of twenty-five pounds, the two mile heats, carrying weight as above, the winning horſe the firſt day excepted only; two pounds ten ſhillings entrance for the firſt day, and twenty five ſhillings for the ſecond. Subſcribers of one guinea or upwards, to pay only half entrance; the horſes to be entered with Mr. Daniel Grant, the day preceding each days race, or to pay double entrance. The vouchers for each horſe's blood and age, to be produced before he will be admitted to enter.

Judges will be appointed to determine the ſufficiency of the vouchers, and any diſputes that may ariſe.

N. B. Any horſe, mare, or gelding, owned or kept by William Iſaac of Anne-Arundel county, will not be admitted to ſtart. w8

THE ſubſcribers, who are fully authorized to receive, collect, and ſue for the debts due from all perſons in this province to Mr. John Buchanan, and Meſſ. John Buchanan and ſon, merchants in London, have lately received the accounts regularly proved, and very little regard having been ſhewn to their former advertiſements, and the ſituation of Mr. John Buchanan, and Meſſ. John Buchanan and ſon, requiring a ſpeedy collection of the debts due to them, give this notice, that ſuits will be brought againſt ſuch debtors, as ſhall not forthwith ſettle with them.

DANIEL DULANY,
JAMES DICK,
ANTHONY STEWART.

March 22, 1774.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber on the 11th inſtant, living near Lyon's creek, Calvert county, a ſervant man named John Baptiſt Diſia Franey, born in England but of French extraction; he went away with a certain Mary Pain, who has with her a young child, they are ſuppoſed to have gone to ſome part of Herring Bay or the river ſides, as he profeſſes ſeine knitting and can cart and plow. The ſaid Franey is well ſet, broad ſhouldered, about five feet two inches high, his hair between a ſandy and lightiſh brown, gray eyes, full viſaged, and remarkable for ſtammering in his ſpeech: had on when he went away a lightiſh coloured jacket and breeches, oſnabrig ſhirt, old yarn ſtockings, new ſhoes and buckles, and a felt hat. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant and brings him to the ſubſcriber ſhall have 20 ſhillings reward if taken in the county, and out of the county a piſtole, paid by the ſubſcriber, and reaſonable charges; and if in any priſon to give immediate notice to

HENRY CAMDEN.

Annapolis, February 28, 1774.

JOHN KING, late coachman to his excellency governor Eden, takes this method of informing the public and his friends in particular, that he hath taken the ſtables belonging to Mr. John Warren, at the roſe and crown tavern in Annapolis, where he hath provided every thing that is neceſſary for the accommodation of gentlemens horſes; he has alſo provided himſelf with good ſaddle horſes, which he intends letting out; thoſe gentlemen which favour him with their cuſtom, may be aſſured of his beſt endeavours to merit their approbation, as it ſhall ever be his ſtudy to pleaſe; he hopes to gain the favour of the public.

N. B. Horſes nick'd and broke; likewiſe bought, ſold, or ſtand at livery.

Port Tobacco, Feb. 23, 1774.

THE ſubſcriber intending to leave this province ſoon, takes this method to inform thoſe concerned, that the buſineſs of Meſſ. Alexander Cunninghame and co. or of Meſſ. Cunninghame, Findlay and co. of Glaſgow, formerly under his direction, is now carried on under the management of Mr. John Craig of this place, who will comply with any engagements entered into by me for behalf of ſaid company. And thoſe who are indebted to the company's ſtores at Newport and this place for dealings with me, are requeſted to make payment to that gentleman as ſoon as poſſible.

DAVID WALKER.

w3

THERE is at the plantation of Thomas Hamilton, in Prince George's county, a ſtray ſorrel mare, about 12 hands high, with a blaze in her face, and branded on the near buttock B. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. w3

Annapolis, March 15, 1774.

THIS ſubſcriber intending to leave this province early this ſpring, earneſtly requeſts all perſons indebted to him to make immediate payment, and thoſe who have any claims againſt him for dealings with his Excellency the Governor, or on his own private account, are deſired to bring them in that they may be adjuſted.

JOHN ROBINSON,
Butler to his Excellency ROBERT EDEN, Eſq;

N. B. Any perſon having a quantity of good hams to diſpoſe of, from 300 to 1000 weight, at 6d. per pound, may have a Sale of the ſame by applying as above, J. R.

Alexandria, Feb. 23, 1774.

BAY BOLTON, a full blooded HUNTER,

WILL ſtand this next ſeaſon at Tortiorald, my plantation, about half way between Alexandria in Virginia and George-Town in Maryland, the place he ſtood at laſt year, and will cover Mares on the ſame terms, at one guinea the leap and five ſhillings to the groom, or two guineas the ſeaſon and ten ſhillings to the groom.——I think it needleſs to deſcribe him, as ſo many good judges have ſeen him, and agree he is the compleateſt horſe that has been imported for this country; he is in much better order this year than he was laſt, and is grown.——Thoſe who chooſe to go by the ſeaſon may depend on good paſture and great care, but I will not be anſwerable for any mares that may be loſt. Laſt ſeaſon we had twenty-odd mares at a time, ſome ſtaid near a month, none were loſt or hurt, and all returned in better order than when they came.——The money will be expected, when the mares are taken away, by

w6 JOHN CARLYLE.

THE ſubſcriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has lately removed from the houſe he lived in at the Dock, and has now opened a tavern in the houſe where Dr. Steuart formerly lived, in Francis ſtreet, and oppoſite to Mr. Robert Couden's ſtore; the houſe is much enlarged and rendered very commodious, the lodging rooms are light and airy and have moſt of them fire places, there are good ſtables and yard for the reception of horſes, and as the houſe is ſituated about half way between the Stadt-houſe and the Dock, it is equally convenient to the gentlemen of the Eaſtern and Weſtern ſhore. No expence has been ſpared to procure every neceſſary article of the beſt quality, and as he is determined to do every thing in his power to oblige, he hopes for the encouragement and approbation of the public.

tf ISAAC M'HARD.

N. B. Young gentlemen may be boarded as cheap as at any genteel private boarding houſe in town, and may if they chooſe it be quite retired. I. M'H.

Annapolis, March 15, 1774.

THE widow Flynn takes this method of informing the public and her old cuſtomers in particular, that ſhe hath once more furniſhed herſelf with a houſe (in Church ſtreet near the Dock) and every thing neceſſary for the accommodation of ſuch gentlemen and ladies as chooſe private lodgings, either by the year, quarter, month, week, or day, as may be moſt convenient to them. Thoſe ladies and gentlemen who pleaſe to favour her with their cuſtom, may depend on the utmoſt care and fidelity, by their moſt obedient humble ſervant,

tf SARAH FLYNN.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on Sunday the 4th of March, a ſervant man named THOMAS M'INERHENCY, a joiner by trade, about 24 years of age, wears his own hair which is red, is much freckled, he is a ſlim made man, and may be known to be an Iriſhman by his talk, and is about 5 feet 10 inches high; had on and took with him a ſhort light coloured bearſkin coat and breeches of the ſame, a pair of reddiſh coloured cloth breeches, double breaſted red waiſtcoat, light gray worſted ribbed ſtockings, and was imported into the province in June laſt by Capt. Caldwell Howard. Any perſon who ſecures the ſaid ſervant ſo that I get him again ſhall receive the above reward and all reaſonable charges.

4w W. BUCKLAND.

THERE are at the plantation of George Scott, on Elk Ridge, two 3 years old heifers, one red and the other red and white, marked with a crop and ſlit and an under bit in the right ear, and a crop and an upper bit on the left; alſo a ſmall 4 years old ſteer, with a crop and ſlit in each ear. The owner or owners may have them again on proving property and paying charges. w3

WHEREAS I am ſued in many actions for debts really due, and have ſpecial bail for them, which has kept me out of priſon; and whereas my bail are uneaſy, knowing I have not half enough to pay what I owe, and now threaten to deliver me up to the next court, I do therefore take this method to inform my creditors, that I ſhall, as I have a wife and two ſmall children that require my aſſiſtance, petition the next general aſſembly for ſuch relief as they have always allowed the poor and diſtreſſed.

WILLIAM BECK.

Annapolis, Dec. 7 1773.

THE ſubſcriber being poſſeſſed of more houſes and lots in this city than are neceſſary for the accommodation of his own family, is willing to diſpoſe of one or more of them to any perſon that is willing to purchaſe. For further particulars enquire of tf JOHN CAMPBELL.

February 24, 1774.

TO be ſold by the ſubſcriber at his ſtore in Annapolis, fine hyſon tea, London double refined loaf ſugar, Weſt-India cotton, melaſſes, good country ſole and upper leather.

THOMAS HYDE.

THERE is at the plantation of Mary Dorſey, widow of Caleb, near Annapolis, a ſtray bright bay mare colt, about 3 years old next ſpring, docked, and has no perceivable brand, 13 hands and an inch high, a natural trotter, and appears never to have been backed. The owner may have him again, on proving property, and paying charges.

February 23, 1774.

THERE is at the plantation of Hugh Merriken, in Anne-Arundel county, a bay gelding, about 7 or 8 years old, about 14 hands 3 inches high, he is a natural pacer, ſhod before, ſwitch tail, hanging mane, has no perceivable brand. The owner is deſired to take him away, on proving property, and paying charges.

THERE is at the plantation of Edward Thomas, living in Queen-Anne's county, a black ſtray mare, about thirteen hands and a half high, paces a ſlow travel, appears to be under ten years old. The owner may have her again, proving property and paying charges.

Annapolis, December 8, 1773.

PRYSE and PARKER,

COACH and COACH HARNESS MAKERS from London,

TAKE this method to acquaint the public, that they have juſt furniſhed themſelves with a large quantity of the beſt materials for the coach-making buſineſs, which they now carry on, in all its various branches, at their ſhop juſt without the Town-gate, oppoſite the ſmith's ſhop; and flatter themſelves they can give as great ſatisfaction to thoſe ladies and gentlemen who pleaſe to favour them with their commands as any of the trade, as they have had many years experience in the moſt eminent and approved of ſhops in London. All orders ſhall be punctually executed on the ſhorteſt notice and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

Said Pryſe carries on the ſaddlers and harneſs-making buſineſs as uſual, and hopes, from his conſtant endeavours to oblige, for a continuance of encouragement from the public.

St. Mary's county, Jan. 1, 1774.

THE partnerſhip of Hawkins and O'Neill being diſſolved, all perſons indebted to them are deſired to make immediate payment, otherwiſe they will be ſued without reſpect to perſons.

TO be ſold a ſchoolmaſter an indented ſervant, that has got 2 years and 6 months to ſerve; for terms, apply to John Hammond near Annapolis.

N, B. He is ſold for no fault, any more then we are done with him, he can learn book-keeping, and is an exceeding good ſcholar.

Annapolis, February 16, 1774.

FOR LONDON,

THE brigantine Peggy Stewart, Richard Jackſon maſter, will be at Selby's landing on Patuxent river, by the 1ſt of March next; ready to take on board tobacco, at ſeven pounds per ton, conſigned to Wallace, Davidſon and Johnſon; thoſe of their friends who incline to take the advantage of an early market, are requeſted to have their tobacco ready with a view of diſpatching her.

Kent county, Jan. 5, 1774

THE ſubſcriber's ſalary being leſſened in value almoſt one half by an act paſſed the laſt ſeſſion, for the ſupport of the clergy of the church of England in this province; he finds it neceſſary for the ſupport of his family and other purpoſes, to join to his miniſterial office ſome other buſineſs. He has therefore opened a grammar ſchool at his houſe in Kent county, about five miles from Rock-Hall, where gentlemen may have their ſons boarded, and taught the latin and greek tongues, and other parts of literature in the beſt manner, at thirty pounds per annum, and the greateſt care taken of them.

tf ROBERT READ.

Annapolis, Jan. 27, 1774.

PRIGGS and DONALDSON, tailors, ſtay-makers and ladies habit-makers, take this method to inform the public, that they have juſt imported from London a large quantity of the beſt materials for carrying on the ſtay-making buſineſs, and are now removed into the houſe where Mr. Robert Pinkney lately lived. All orders from their cuſtomers and others in either of the above branches of buſineſs will be thankfully received and ſpeedily executed.

N. B. Ladies and gentlemen from the country are deſired to ſend the caſh for ſuch goods as they may be pleaſed to order.

Piſcataway, Jan 1, 1774.

THE ſubſcriber having furniſhed himſelf with materials for carrying on the ſtaymaking buſineſs, hopes for the encouragement from ladies and others for their orders for ſtays, which they may depend on having executed in the beſt and neateſt manner, neweſt faſhion, and on the ſhorteſt notice. The buſineſs being carried on under the direction of Richard Littlemore, who carried on buſineſs for Mr. Charles Wallace in Annapolis for ſeveral years, and theſe laſt ſeven years for Mr. Alexander Ferguſon, and of late for his widow in London-Town,

CHARLES LANSDALE.

N. B. I ſtill continue to ride as a by-poſt from Leonard-Town St. Mary's county to Annapolis, orders may be left at the following places, viz. Leonard-Town; Mr. James Jordan's; Wiccomoco; Chaptico; Newport; Allen's-Freſh; Port-Tobacco; Upper Marlborough; Queen-Anne; Bladenſburg; George-Town; at the Printing-Office, Annapolis; with Mr. Levi Grooms, poſt-rider from Frederickſburg to Annapolis; and at the ſubſcriber's houſe, Piſcataway; at which places the ſtays will be left agreeable to direction. C. L.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber's plantation, near Poplar Spring Chapel, in Anne Arundel county, an Iriſh convict ſervant, named Lawrence Connolly, about eighteen years old, ſwarthy complexion, ſlim made, ſpeaks much in that dialect: had on and took with him, a blue coat and waiſtcoat double breaſted, white ſhirt, worſted ſtockings, new ſhoes, and a Carolina felt hat.——Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and delivers him to Charles Porter, overſeer on ſaid plantation, or the ſubſcriber living on Elk-Ridge, ſhall receive as a reward twenty ſhillings if taken twenty miles from home, thirty ſhillings if thirty miles, forty ſhillings if forty miles, and three pounds if out of the province, beſides what the law allows.

JOHN DORSEY.

Annapolis, February 23, 1774.

Juſt imported, from LONDON, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber,

A Parcel of healthy indented ſervants, among which are ſome valuable tradeſmen, conſiſting of carpenters, cabinet-makers, ſawyers, ſhoe-makers, blackſmiths, tailors, gunſmiths, bricklayers, hatters, butchers, farmers, labourers, and a few ſervant women: alſo a quantity of the beſt powder blue, wig powder, and black pins for hair.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT.

N. B. To be ſold, at public vendue, on Wedneſday the 20th of April next, a quantity of elegant mahogany Furniture, conſiſting of Tall Boys, Deſk Tables, and neat fluted Bedſteads, by W. W.

ANY gentleman, who is qualified to teach the claſſicks, by applying to the viſitors of King Williams ſchool, in the city of Annapolis, will be treated with on the following terms. His annual ſtipend to be £.55 ſterling certain, and £.5 currency to be paid by each ſcholar in the latin ſchool: to a perſon, who ſhall be capable of diſcharging the office of uſher, will be given £.30 ſterling per annum certain, and £.2:10 currency paid by each ſcholar as abovementioned: to a ſcribe who can teach Engliſh, writing, and arithmetick, will be given £.6 ſterling certain per annum, with every advantage ariſing from the ſcholars he inſtructs, and liberty to make his own bargain with their parents. There are very good apartments in the houſe, beſides thoſe appropriated for the uſe of the ſcholars with a good kitchen and cellar: theſe being entirely for the uſe of the maſter, will render it a very comfortable place of reſidence. Any engagements the viſitors enter into, cannot take place till the 3d day of April next, and to prevent trouble, it is to be hoped that no perſons will make application who are not properly qualified to fill the abovementioned ſtations.

Signed by order,

JOHN DUCKETT, regiſter.

INOCULATION.

PERFORMED in the moſt ſafe and approved method, practiſed in Great-Britain and Ireland, by Dr. Robert Lemmon, lately arrived form the city of Dublin; who after ſeveral years practice in phyſic in general, and inoculation, in particular, in Europe and America; as well as repeated opportunities of conſulting the moſt able practioners; propoſes to inoculate at the houſe of Mrs. Ford near Leonard-town, Saint Mary's county; where he has now carried a ſet through the ſmall pox by inoculation, and where ſuitable attendance is provided, at the trifling expence of two moidores, including board and attendance. Incouraged by his former as well as his preſent ſucceſs; he doubts not but his patients in general, as uſual, ſhall paſs through ſo much dreaded a diſorder, with little or no more confinement to bed than in health, without any prejudice to the moſt delicate conſtitution, or leaving any virulent remains, which too frequently happens in the hand of the injudicious. As the doctor is not determined to remain long in this country, he recommends it to all who deſire to paſs over the diſeaſe with ſafety, ſpeedily to apply to him at Mrs. Ford's, where they ſhall be treated with the utmoſt integrity, by their humble ſervant,

ROBERT LEMMON.

Annapolis, January 5, 1774.

To be ſold by the ſubſcriber, for ready money, or one year's credit, on giving bond upon intereſt, with good ſecurity.

TWO tracts of land, called Foothold, and Friendſhip, lying contiguous to each other, containing two hundred and ninety-five acres, lying on the ſouth ſide of Magotty-river, within five miles of Annapolis; Alſo a tract of land called the mountains of Wales, containing four hundred acres, lying on the north-ſide of Magotty-river, within three miles of Magotty ferry. The above lands are well timbered, wooded, and watered, and beautifully ſituated on the river, with ſome cultivations and improvements, they rent for twenty-four pounds per year, are clear of incumbrance, (except the tenants leaſes, which will expire the thirtieth of November next) and the title indiſputable. W. WORTHINGTON.

The SHIP ANNAPOLIS, Feb. 10, 1774.

CAPTAIN EDEN takes this Method of informing his Friends in Patuxent, that, in compliance with the requeſt of many of them, he intends to carry her round to Benedict next month, in order to remove the apprehenſions they ſeemed to have, of too long a water carriage for their tobacco in ſmall craft; and begs that, in order to prevent any unneceſſary delays, thoſe whom he may not have an opportunity of ſeeing, or applying to, will leave their notes for the tobacco intended for him with the inſpectors of the different warehouſes; and alſo any orders for goods they may want from England, by the return of the ſhip, in the latter part of the ſummer. Inſurance is ordered, and ſhall be inſerted in the bills of lading of thoſe who do not deſire to the contrary.

His correſpondents, in other parts of the province, who are deſirous of getting their tobacco home by this opportunity to a very early market, are requeſted to give him timely notice, when and where it is ready, in order that he may ſend craft. But if it ſhould be convenient for them to ſend it by their own veſſels, or to hire any upon the ſpot, he will acknowledge their taking that trouble as an additional favour, and will pay the uſual freights on the delivery thereof on board the ſhip at Annapolis, where ſhe will continue 3 or 4 weeks from this date, or afterwards in Patuxent.

The accounts of ſales for the laſt voyage are daily expected.

WANTED for Charles county free ſchool, a maſter capable of teaching the languages, writing and arithmetic; ſuch a one by applying to the viſitors, will meet with encouragement.

LAND TO BE SOLD.

TWO tracts of land at the mouth of Connecocheague, containing five hundred thirty-three acres and three quarters of an acre, which I purchaſed at the ſale of the manor, whereon Mr. Minor keeps public houſe, and where my brother George lived; whereon is a houſe two ſtorie high with brick chimnies, three fire rooms below and three above, with cellars, barns, outhouſes, &c. a good meadow, and plenty of timber to ſupport it for many, many years. But it is ſo well known to every Jerſey or Pennſylvania man, who ever went to the ſouthward to look out for land for his children, that there is no occaſion to ſay one word in praiſe of it. Whoever buys it ſhall have poſſeſſion of it next fall, time enough to put a crop of winter grain in the ground.

tf DAVID ROSS.

FIFTEEN POUNDS REWARD.

May 20, 1773.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber's plantation, in Frederick county, on the head of Bennett's creek, on the 17th inſt. at night, a convict ſervant man, named William Flint, about 22 years of age, born in the weſt of England, a ſpare ſlim fellow, about 5 feet 9 inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, ſhort black hair, and has loſt one of his fore teeth: he had on, and took with him, a white cotton jacket, brown cloth ditto much worn, a pair of leather breeches black and dirty, two white ſhirts, two pair of ſtockings and ſhoes, and a new felt hat: it's poſſible he may have changed his name and apparel, as he has a ſum of money with him.

Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him either to John Plummer, overſeer on the above ſaid plantation, or to the ſubſcriber living in Anne-Arundel county, near Elk-Ridge church, ſhall have the above reward for their trouble, beſides what the law allows, paid by tf HENRY RIDGELY.

December 7, 1773.

To be leaſed for a term of years,

THE WINDMILL and GRANARY in the city of Annapolis. For Terms apply to

DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME,

or

DANIEL DULANY, junior.

N. B. If not leaſed between this and April they will be offered for ſale.

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